Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXI.—NO. 6477 PORTLAND, OREGON MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1882 PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Blaine's South American Policy Severely Criticized.

NEW YORK JOURNAL MAKES A DISCOVERY.

Mr. Lewis and Miss Francisco Rattford Step—Gould and Stanford In the New Road—Sporting and Criminal Notes.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Papers this morning give considerable space to what is termed Blaine's new policy, in the shape of letters, documents and interviews. The *Herald's* correspondent interviewed Shepherd, president of the Peruvian company recently, in which the latter says he has letters from Blaine not very flattering to that gentleman, and when the whole comes out he will never lift his hand again. Shephard dares Blaine to publish correspondence between them. Shephard furnishes a letter from himself to ex-Gov. Boutwell, counsel of the Peruvian company, dated Dec. 10, stating that interviews had been held with Secretary Hurlburt in New York, at which Hurlburt promised him of executive support, the substance of which Shephard subsequently reiterated to Blaine and Hurlburt. Blaine denied acquiescence. Later a letter was written Hurlburt, giving an unreserved review of the pleas of the company, a copy of which was sent to Washington and Blaine acknowledged its receipt. Shephard says in the letter to Boutwell, "Every allegation in the Secretary's letter concerning the alleged asperity of correspondence between Blaine and Hurlburt, and its discussion with the secretary and myself, is invention, pure and simple, and worse than inexcusable. Such discussion was never made by either of us at any time. In both the first and second interviews the secretary, he dwelt at length and emphasis upon the fact that it would be alike his duty and pleasure to favor any legitimate scheme, such as ours he had been unable to help the French road because it is "not American." He added and pointed out this distinction as vital, and alluded to him that if he ever had Americans associated with his department they might help him and thereupon suggested to me that I might myself of the co-operation of this syndicate [illegible] of the kind was ever suggested before me. I asked what I wanted him to do, and I only this: Instruct Hurlburt to notify Mr. Ferry, that the Landreau claim must be with the Cachet claim adjudicated, before any settlement which might affect the owners of those claims are agreed on. Hurlburt made which will show qualified mistake the entire letter, was these

JUNE 2, 1881.

Of course we shall be glad to have so far as it may be entirely proper, and friends, interested, and I will reserve of the whole subject to your advice of payment can suit individual convenience. Very respectfully, JACOB SHEPHARD.

Hon. S. A. Hurlbut, Belvidere, Ill.

Says the offer was to sell stock, and he wanted to have no money. At the very first he had with the secretary I quoted this letter as evidence of the fact that I had not bought his and had not offered to buy him, and not the suggestion of criticism escaped him that. Oh, the contrary, when I asked his agent to be secretary of interior, which was determined upon sometime ago, the appointment having been deferred partly to enable Sargent to finish up some professional business at once in the department, will be sent to the senate early next month. The interval which has elapsed since the president decided upon this appointment, by permitting consideration of those attacks upon Sargent, has only strengthened him in the esteem of the president and of the public. Assailed as the author of the desert land act, the record shows that Sargent was the author of the act, which originated in the house of representatives, then democratic; but that he offered several amendments which were adopted in the senate, calculated to guard against the abuses and frauds from which no land laws are entirely exempt, since the acquisition of land grants infinitely is more frequent under the homestead acts than under any other statutes. It is stated that the announcement of Sargent's prospective appointment as secretary of the interior has been heartily approved by all the newspapers of California, both republican and democratic, with but a single exception.

Bills and Resolutions Introduced.

The house committee on claims have reported favorably upon Representative Pate's bill directing payment of $7,500 to children of the late James H. Gadsden for property in New Mexico destroyed by General Canby in 1862.

Senator Aldrich has introduced a bill to confirm the El Sopori grant in Arizona to the Sopori land and mining company of Rhode Island.

Senator Miller has introduced a bill to place Sergeant Cornelius Huntington on the army retired list, with full pay, on account of wounds received in action and disease contracted while a prisoner of war, and that the required action of the secretary of the treasury of the chief deputy and cashier of the internal revenue collector at San Francisco to $3000 and $2500 respectively.

Senator Hoover, on Friday, presented to the senate an application, signed by 426 citizens of Oregon and Washington territory, urging congress to declare a forfeiture of the Northern Pacific railroad grant, and to open the forfeited lands to settlement.

Union Pacific Reports.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The secretary of the interior has transmitted to congress the report of the government directors of the Union Pacific R. R. Co. for 1881. The directors reclaim enormous benefits have resulted in the west from the completion of the road in developing its latent resources. The report contains a detailed statement of the progress made in construction of branch lines and of changes in the main road itself calculated to increase its efficiency. There were 76,692 acres of land sold for the nine months ending Nov. 30, 1879, at an average of $4 93 per acre. The local earnings of the company are said to be ninety per cent. of its surplus earnings, while at the beginning of its operations through freights represented seventy per cent. of the earnings. The directors have not considered it necessary to go into the financial operations of the company as the bonded indebtedness are embraced in reports to the auditor of railroad accounts and which are already published.

An Eastern Comment on the Chinese Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The *Sunday Gazette*, independent and anti-monopoly journal, contains a well considered editorial to-day on the Chinese question, in which the evils of, unrestricted mongolian immigration are clearly stated, and various eastern sentimental objections to any legalized selection of Chinese are forcibly answered. Referring to the proposition now pending in congress to suspend immigration of Chinese laborers for a term of twenty years, the *Gazette* says: "We earnestly hope in the true interest of our civilization that the measure may speedily become a law and then it will be enforced to the full extent of its intent.

A Washington Dinner Party.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Vice President David entertained at dinner this evening President Arthur, Secretary Frelinghuysen, Postmaster General Howe, ex-Secretary Blaine, Speaker Keifer, Chief Justice Waite, Associate Justice Gray, and Senators Allison, Bayard, Dawes, Ferry, Beck, Cockrell, Aldrich, Camden, Blair, Farley, McDonald and Butler.

Corkhill's Opinion.

As an indication of how little weight is attached by prosecution to the raising of Scoville for a new trial, District Attorney Corkhill remarked to-day before a number of gentlemen that Guiteau will undoubtedly be sentenced and as surely executed not later than June 10th.

CANADA.

Resolutions of Independence.

MONTREAL, Jan. 29.—The National Club, composed of young French Canadians affiliated with the liberal party, unanimously passed resolutions in favor of the full independence of Canada, and asking the liberal party to make that the principal plank in their platform.

ARIZONA.

Arizona Improvement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The parties who purchased the Santa Catalina copper mine for a large sum have just come in from a visit to their property. They estimate that their furnaces which is now here will be in operation in 40 days, and will turn out from three to five tons of block copper per day. They found the body of ore much larger and richer than reported. One road to the mine has just been completed at a cost of $8000 and another road has just been contracted for from the copper mine to American Flag at a cost of $9000, to be completed within one month, which will bring the company's mines and works twenty miles nearer Tucson than by the former road. Opening these roads is of considerable importance to Tucson, as it opens the door to the vast timber regions on Catalina mountains, heretofore deemed inaccessible. The timber there can only be estimated by millions of feet. There is sufficient quantity to supply southern Arizona and New Mexico for years to come. The principal timbers are pine, cedar and fir, and the distance from Tucson by the new route is 70 miles.

General Arizona Notes.

TUCSON, Jan. 23. A Safford special received from Shakspeare, New Mexico, says a 30 ton smelter of Shakspeare consolidated smelting company started up last night and is in general rejoicing. The result of the first run of 12 hours is 15,000 pounds of high grade ore.

Information is received of the summary shooting of a horse thief at Cruttenden, Arizona.

It is expected cars will be run to Cruttenden within the next 45 days.

Many thousands of people yearly are saved from dangerous fevers by the exercise of a little timely care in the matter of properly cleansing the system in the spring season from the accumulated impurities which, if undisturbed, breed disease. As a purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly. A single bottle will prove its merits.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A New French Cabinet Formed, vice Gambetta's.

RUSSIAN PERSECUTION OF THE JEWS PROTESTED AGAINST.

A Plot Discovered to Assassinate the King of Greece—Successful Introduction of Baits's New Opera in London.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The *World's* London cable: The persecution of the Jews in Russia continues to awaken the deepest sympathy among all classes here and to provoke strong feeling against Russia. Odessa's refusal to remonstrate with the Russian government is strongly condemned. When the bastard and mongrel population of Bulgaria was badly treated the greatest mass meeting all Europe ring with denunciations of the unspeakable Turk, but he was not in power then. The Rothschilds and other powerful Jewish families are raising a fund for the emigration of Russian Jews to the United States, but they cannot do much without active aid from the government, and the Gladstone declines to give them. The Russian authorities appear to be encouraging the war upon Jews, probably because Jew hunting is heading off nihilism. Dispatches relating to the brutalities perpetrated upon the unhappy people are suppressed by the military censorship, but the tales told by refugees show that they are being subjected to the vilest treatment and torturus. The czar, who is said to be personally well disposed toward the Jews, is powerless. All his time is devoted to providing for his own safety, and his chief officers prefer that the peasants should murder Jews rather than dig dynamite mines. It is stated on good authority that German residents in Russia are also being maltreated, and that when the Jews are disposed of the peasants will make short work of Bismarck's compatriots. The czar and the Emperor William are continually exchanging love messages, but their subjects cordially detest each other.

A Typographical Error.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—World's London cable says: A hideously indecent expression was interpolated in the *Times'* report of a speech by Sir Wm. Harcourt last Monday. The matter was made worse by an apology yesterday, and a statement that a message from the *Times* hoped to bring the guilty parties to justice. This has increased the morbid curiosity of the printers, and copies of the issue referred to have been sold for one pound each. It is said that twenty compositors and two proofreaders have been discharged from the *Times* office. The low weekly papers reprint the report verbatim, and these papers are being sold by thousands in the streets. It is generally annoying to all parties to have this filthy expression put in the mouth of the home secretary. Sir William, by the way, will succeed Lord Selborne as lord chancellor. Sir Henry James, the ex-general, is not a popular man with his party, and Lord Chief Justice Coleridge prefers his present position to the woolsack.

Unhealthfulness of London.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—London special: The great prevalence of scarlet fever in the fashionable parts of London leads to exciting alarm. Belgravia and South Kensington have suffered very severely, and many people think the infection is carried about in cabs, while others ascribe the unhealthiness of the west end to the fact that all that bank of the Thames was a marsh in Anglo-Saxon times. Both theories are somewhat far-fetched. The mansions of the rich appear to be more given to sita k than the dwellings of the poor. Diphtheria of a fatal character is unusually rife. The Duchess of Sutherland and her daughter are very ill with whooping cough.

Consideration of Bourse Matters.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The *Herald's* Paris cable says: According to to-night's *Soir* an important meeting of Paris bankers was held to-day to consider by what means the threatened financial disaster on the Bourse could best be avoided. Among the gentlemen present were Baron Saubegan, Baron Rothschild, Joubert, Hallet, and many representatives from seven or eight others of the richest banks in Paris. The banks represented at the meeting agreed, says *Soir*, to advance, if necessary, a sum not exceeding 85,000,000 francs, the repayment of the sum to be guaranteed by the official Paris brokers collectively.

An Excellent Entertainment.

A *Herald's* London cablegram says: Last night Balfe's grand opera, "The Painter of Antwerp," was produced for the first time in England, at her majesty's theater, and proved a most signal success. It was magnificently mounted. The chief parts were taken by Miss Valleria, as Olivia Campanila, Mdlle. Warwick as Bonna Rosa, Mr. Maas as Antonio Moro, the painter, and Mr. Leslie Crotty as the Duke of Alva. The house was crowded in every part, and encores were demanded of several of the most pleasing airs.

Business Troubles at Dublin.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The *Observer's* correspondent at Dublin says there was another and larger failure on stock exchange reported yesterday. It is expected two or three large houses will fall the present week unless assistance is forthcoming. There has been one failure in the foundry business and one in the building business; liabilities, 5,000, 000 and £150,000 respectively. There is quite a local panic, and business is at the lowest ebb. Solicitors are endeavoring as far as possible to collect debts, but as debtors are mostly landlords, there is no possibility of settlement for a month to come.

The New French Cabinet.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Dispatches from Paris state that the new French cabinet will comprise the following: Leon Say, minister of finance; Tirard, of commerce; Goble, of the interior; Admiral Jauregueberry, of marine; Vaisy, of public works; General Campenon, of war, and Cochery, of posts and telegraph.

The Revised Cabinet of France.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The list of the new ministry, as settled upon by the present house, is as follows: De Freycinet, president of the council and minister of foreign affairs; Jules Ferry, of public instruction; Goblet, of interior and of worship; Rouvbert, of justice; Varroy, of finance; Carnot, of public works; Tirardi, of commerce; and Cochery, of posts and telegraph. The ministers of war and marine are not yet designated.

Germany and the Vatican.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Herr Von Schloesser will start Monday for Rome to enter upon his duties as German ambassador at the Vatican. It is reported that these negotiations are embraced in reports to the auditor of railroad accounts and which are already published.

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Corkhill's Opinion.

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SCOVILLE'S MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

A Plot Discovered to Assassinate the King of Greece—Successful Introduction of Baits's New Opera in London.

Washington, Jan. 29.—This afternoon Scoville filed in the supreme court [illegible] the supreme court [illegible] the district [illegible] Although supposed to be a copy of the brief [illegible] the paper is not in shape to [illegible] the court [illegible] Scoville [illegible] Guiteau [illegible] has been seen by the jury, and that he has even there written the names and addresses [illegible] Scoville [illegible] made upon [illegible] The first paper is a motion for a new trial upon the following grounds:

First—By reason of misconduct on the part of the jury, whereby it and the defendant partly, who rendered the indictment consists of different communications from and indoctrination with each other in matters of substance.

Second—First such verdict of the jury does not specify which count or counts of indictment it was founded upon, and several of the counts being materially different from the others, the defendant is not advised by the form or substance of said verdict as to the finding of the jury upon the material facts of death or place of death of deceased.

Third—For that the trial of this cause was commenced at the June term of this court and was not concluded at the same term of court but was extended into the December term without authority of law.

Fourth—For that this court had no jurisdiction of this cause by reason of decease having taken place outside the District of Columbia.

Fifth—That court erred on trial of this cause in submitting to the jury improper evidence on the part of prosecution as shown in bill of exceptions.

Sixth—That court erred on trial of this cause in submitting to go to the jury improper evidence on the part of prosecution as shown in bill of exceptions.

Seventh—That court erred on trial of this cause in admitting as to the jury improper evidence on the part of prosecution as shown in bill of exceptions.

Eighth—That court erred in commending improperly during the trial upon the conduct of the defendant in entering into an arrangement with the district attorney without knowledge of counsel for defendant, whereby the jury and expert witnesses for prosecution during a portion of the trial might observe certain conduct of defendant, to subserve the purpose of the prosecution, the defense being insanity, without the restraining power of the court being exercised until those purposes were accomplished, to the great prejudice of defendant.

Ninth—Misbehavior of the jury in reading, or having read to them, newspapers calculated to prejudice their minds against defendant, as shown in affidavits of Frederick H. Smyth, George Scoville and John W. Guiteau, filed herewith.

Tenth—By reason of new and material facts, unknown at time of trial, and not see rtainable by reasonable diligence on the part of defendant or his attorney, having come to light since the trial, and shown in affidavits filed herewith.

Eleventh—That the verdict is contrary to the evidence.

Twelfth—That the verdict is contrary to the law of the case. GEO. SCOVILLE, Defendant's Atty.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

A Statement of Account.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—It is represented that after giving John T. Best, late chief clerk of the engineer's department of the lighthouse service, credit for all vouchers alleged to have been forged, he (Best) still owes the state about $12,761, or another item of that alleged deficit between the amount he drew from the U. S. treasury during the past three years and the amount of disbursements as shown by his books, including nearly $7000 of vouchers claimed to have been forged.

Opposition Meetings.

Two opposition anti monopoly meetings were held this afternoon, one presided over by Denis Kearney at the sand lots, and the other by Dr. C. C. O'Donnell at Union hall. Both were largely attended. The meetings were addressed by Kearney and O'Donnell. Both were thinly attended and very little enthusiasm was manifested.

Ship Engagements at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—Freights and charters—British ship Victoria, 801 tons of wheat to Cork, U. K., 3 2 6d prior to arrival; ship Young America, 1,339 tons merchandise to New York in the dispatch line; British ship King Cecile, 1,257 tons wheat to Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, 3l 3s 9d, Liverpool direct 2s 6d less; British ship Ogmore, 1,498 tons wheat to Cork, U. K., 3 2s 6d prior to arrival.

Meeting of the California School Board.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 28.—The state board of education met at the office of the superintendent of public instruction this afternoon pursuant to adjournment yesterday. Present, Gov. Perkins, Supt. Campbell and Prof. Alton. A communication was received from Mrs. A. A. Sargent, Mrs. Thos. H. Hittell and others, a committee of the California Silk Culture Association, asking the board to recommend that teachers and pupils of the public schools give special attention to that very important branch of industry. The board directed the superintendent to call the attention of teachers and school officers to the subject through the official department of the *School Journal*. A resolution from the Alameda county board of education, recommending that the $10,000 appropriated from the next legislature to issue a second grade life diploma on a second grade city, state or county certificate, was laid over for consideration at the next meeting.

Fatal Row at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Jan. 28.—This afternoon Rodolpho Buelna, a gambler, better known as "Limber Jim," was shot and killed in the Mint saloon, on Santa Clara street, by P. J. Williams, the well known horse trainer and jockey. Three years ago Buelna and Williams had a difficulty. This afternoon Buelna pronounced a p utol and, while intoxicated, hunted up Williams. He went to a saloon where the latter was employed and began shooting him, threatening to kill him. The latter ran and put Buelna out of the saloon. Williams armed himself, and meeting Buelna soon after, the quarrel was renewed, Williams drew a pistol and fired three shots, all taking effect in the left breast, killing Buelna instantly. Williams surrendered himself to the authorities immediately after the shooting.

NEVADA.

Comstock Notes.

VIRGINIA, Jan. 29.—At Sierra Nevada the winze in crosscut No. 2 has been sunk 9 feet during the week. Crosscut No. 5 was extended 26 feet and the main north drift 35 feet. The material at all points remains unchanged. At Chollar the north lateral drift was extended 24 feet and south lateral 40 feet. South drift No. 2 was advanced 42 feet. No change of material is reported in east crosscut No. 6 from the latter drift. Ophir has extracted 196 tons of ore and sent 264 tons to the mills. The north drift from the end of joint Mexican east drift of the 2900 level is out 28 feet. At Yellow Jacket the east crosscut on the 2825 level is out 208 feet, the last 36 feet in quartz and porphyry. On the 3000 level the east drift from the switch is out 499 feet in hard dry ground. They are now drifting east from it in face of the east crosscut at the end of the north lateral drift, and the hole is in 258 feet. The drillings show quartz and porphyry with a slight flow of water. Drifting is still continued, and at the Alta the east drift of the 2150 level is out 49 feet and rock growing softer. The west drift is out 794 feet.

A New Strike in Eureka.

EUREKA, Jan. 29.—The *Sentinel* of this morning publishes the following: It will be cheering news to the public and Albion stockholders in particular, to learn that a strike was made in the mine yesterday afternoon, at a point entirely removed from the ground in controversy with the Richmond. The find is at a depth of 365 feet from the surface, and 600 feet west of what is claimed as Victoria territory. The ore was discovered in a drift from the main level, into which the miners struck all of a sudden, though favorable indications had been encountered for some time. Of course the extent cannot yet be told. The workmen are confident that they are in the face of a bonanza of no mean proportions, as the surroundings are favorable. The ore taken from the strike is a yellow carbonate containing high bullion of lead. The ore smelts easily, and that will prove a blessing to our furnaces. Should the strike turn into a bonanza, as is confidently believed by the miners, the west side of Ruby Hill will experience a boom that will set all the mines in that section into active operation, and give employment to hundreds of men. The immediate benefit can scarcely be estimated, superintendent Robinson from highly elated and intends to explore the strike with the utmost energy. More men will be put to work immediately, and the stockholders will soon know the extent and richness of the development.

MEXICO.

Shot by their Own Troops.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 28.—Strong rumors prevail here of the execution of the state of Jalisco, headquarters at Guadalajara. It is not yet confirmed. At Puerto del Chocolate, near the frontier, two Mexican officers were overheard, Captain Jose A. Rodriguez and Lieut. F. Gonzalez accidentally, by their own drunken soldiers.

Yellow Fever.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 27.—In Temax, Yucatan, there are 170 cases of yellow fever, 120 have died.

A strong friend of St. Jacobs Oil is H. T. Duncan, Esq., of the Lexington (Ky.) *Press*. He says: A short time since, St. Jacobs Oil was prescribed in my own family by a regular physician, and it was used with the most satisfactory results, as usual.

Gambetta's downfall is regarded with great satisfaction in Berlin.

EUROPEAN LETTER.

Gambetta's Downfall—English Abuse of America—Literary, Musical and Theatrical Notes.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The *Tribune* has the following dated at London, Jan. 14th.

Outside this's defeat in the lowful parliamentary result of his irreconcilable differences with the chamber, which he has rightly compelled to declare or abandon, whether it was for or against his ministry. The chamber certainly preferred its own prolongation to consolidation and a strong government. Gambetta's confidence in the ultimate support of the country in his mistaken.

I have influential authority for saying the dispatch of English troops to Ireland indicates only a determination to ensure more energetic enforcement of law. Troops are wanted for the protection of loyal citizens. The existence of any superior conspiracy requiring military repression on a large scale is discredited.

The verdict in the Guiteau trial is universally approved, but objects from the *Times* the most offensive article since the rebellion. It declares that the American people are satisfied with the conduct of the trial which was a broad farce enacted in court without one symptom of popular disapprobation. It doubts whether the nation which has turned the sufferings of Garfield into food for sensation, the crime into jest and the trial into a prolonged farce, has the right to hang Guiteau. It insists that English sympathies expressed at the time of the president's death are now proved to have been unnecessary, and it affirms that all American, educated people excepted, sat by Garfield's bedside not as sympathizing friends but as dabblers in the mysteries of physiology, and special authority on the chances for a man threatened with pyaemia. The whole article is a series of studied insults.

The *Saturday Review* follows suit in remarking that Guiteau is a typical American, urging that not merely the peculiar offensiveness of the criminal, but also peculiarly the crime itself, are directly traceable to democracy. The scandals of the trial, it says, are directly connected with the demo-tratic politics of society, and it suggests that Guiteau's unbiased in court proceeded from generous indignation at finding his person restrained, his motives questioned, and his character assailed. It points to the shooting of the president as the result of a hundred years of unbridled democracy, and concludes that democratic lessons may at least [illegible] thankful for an instructive lesson.

The substance of the new dispatches of Blaine and Frelinghuysen, published to-day, was received too late for publication in the morning papers except in the *Daily News*, which was a brief, ill-tempered observation. The New York correspondents agree in stating that Americans regard the disclosures as extremely damaging to Blaine, most of the leading New York papers attacking him, and none defending him. One correspondent says the feeling against Blaine throughout the country is so bitter that it is safe to predict that his public career is ended.

Dr. Lyon Playfair, publishes in *McMillan's Magazine* for February, an article on American industries as affected by the tariff. He is for free trade assumptions, but embodies many interesting facts and striking admissions. He declares that the protective system with the rapid growth of certain industries, such as cotton, wool and iron, and concedes that American manufactures, though alleged to be cheaper, are honest, and good. American mechanics are, he says, more honest and efficient than foreign, and he concludes that nobody expects the speedy establishment of free trade, nor is a rapid transition desirable. He declares it impossible not to foresee that the United States is about to become the greatest manufacturing country in the world.

An important unpublished work by Carlyle has been discovered lately. It was entitled, "A Tour in Ireland in 1849," and comprises notes on the moral and political condition of that country of the most stringent character and greatest interest. This manuscript was unknown to Froude. When it was submitted to his examination he was so much delighted that he volunteered to write an introduction when it was to be published in book form. Meanwhile it has been secured by Edmund Gosse for the *Century Magazine*, where it will shortly begin to appear as a serial, simultaneously in London and New York.

Bret Harte, referring to Lanigan's accusation of foisting a collection of fables published over Harte's name in England, desires to have it stated that the very existence of such a book had been unknown to him till lately, and he does on examination that it contains three brief pieces written by himself years ago. The remainder, consisting awards of fifty pieces of somebody else's book, has been published without Harte's authorization or knowledge, his name evidently being used to advertise it. He has written to the publisher protesting against the misuse of his name.

Earl of Rosebury's Scottish tenants to the number of 120 last night celebrated the birth of his son and heir, at a dinner in Edinburgh. Lord Rosebury wrote cordially acknowledging the expression of friendship and hoping that the boy hereafter will follow in the footsteps of his great grandfather, who laid the foundation of the present good feeling between landlord and tenants.

The American debutante, Lillian Harue, from New Orleans, has appeared in Carl Rosa's Eng lish company as Mignonette. She sang fortissimo, her voice is hardly equal to the requirements of an immense theater. She won marked dramatic success, having acted "Carmen" better in some respects than Zelie de Lussan, who played the part in London with elegance, although more refined than Minnie Hauk. She was full of vivacity, ease and spirit, and much applauded by a large audience.

Miss Mora will be given co-ing t for the first time in England, Mlle. Valleria in the heroine and Carl Rosa conducting.

Mrs. Langtry has received two proposals to visit America, but she accepted neither for the present, being resolved not to go there this year. She continues till May at Haymarket theater, where her successes are continued. She will make a tour in the provinces and return to the autumn to Haymarket theater.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

An unknown man at St. Louis, jumped from the bridge and was drowned, Saturday.

Several minor failures occurred last week at Breslau, Hamburg and Frankfort, owing to the panic in Paris.

A prom nent broker in Paris and a lawyer at Genova have committed suicide over losses by the Bourse panic.

Chicago successfully started the cable line street car system on State street, Saturday, in presence of 50,000 spectators.

The net earnings of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad during 1881 were $2,066,312. The mileage of the road is now 1062.

The boiler of Logan's machine shops at Oil City, Pa., explo ed on Saturday, killing foreman Teuhill and wounding several other persons seriously.

The joint committee on memorials services of the life and character of Garfield have decided upon a programme substantially the same as that adopted for Lincoln.

Four directors in the San Francisco road have given place to Huntington, Stanford, Gould and Sage. Most of the Boston stockholders retain a large portion of their interests.

John Butler, who lives between Dayton and Amity, was engaged a few days since in removing the load from his shot gun, when the weapon was unexpectedly discharged, tearing off the greater portion of one hand and two fingers of the other. Several shot entered his side, and but for a memorandum book in his side pocket, death would have resulted. It is thought that amputation of the right hand will be necessary.

HUB PUNCH,

TO TOP OFF A DINNER,

May be Drank Clear, as a Cordial.

For a dinner to thoroughly appropriate, the good old way was to wash down the last triumphs of the feast with copious libations of rich, rare and curious old Port and Golden Sherry; but "HUB PUNCH" has added a new sensation to the epicure. Its delicacy, aroma, flavor, and delicious, but gentle effects, proclaim it the nectar fit for the gods banqueting on Olympus.

Mix HUB PUNCH with Ice Water, Cold Tea, Lemonade, or Soda. It is unanimously pronounced unrivaled.

TESTIMONIALS.

"A sip is like nectar."—*Boston Courier.*

"Delicious beyond description."—*Ice on Fremont's.*

"Added to the good things of the table it enhances the pleasures of life and encourages good fellowship and good nature if rightly enjoyed."—*Springfield Republican.*

"Invaluable for a little treat when a friend drops in."—*New York Evening Post.*

"It is a great trouble to make Punch, and many people look for a saver *before* to brew it. Hub Punch is indispensable wherever known."—*Spirit of the Times, N. Y.*

"The increasing popularity of Hub Punch is pleasant testimony to your success in using the *best* and *purest* components."—PARK & TILFORD, New York.

"Our success in selling Hub Punch has surprised us, no brewing sold within the past three months a larger quantity than we anticipated selling in twelve."—SMITH & VANDERBREEK, New York and Chicago.

C. H. GRAVES & SONS, Manufs, Boston, Mass.

Trade supplied at Manufacturers prices by

RICHARDS & HARRISON,

Agents for Pacific Coast, San Francisco, Cal.

[illegible] Life Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

A. McKINNIE, Manager

for Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories.

OFFICE—103 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

References:

CHAS. HODGE, of Hodge, Davis & Co.
JAMES STREET, Cashier First National Bank.
J. A. SILVERBRIDGE, Wholesale Leather & findings
C. A. DOLPH, of Dolph, Bronaugh, Dolph & Simon.
Col. J. McCRAKEN, of J. McCraken & Co.
L. C. HENRICHSEN, of Henrichsen & Greenberg.
Dr. G. J. SOUTAGE, M. D., Examiner and Physician
J. K. GILL, of J. K. Gill & Co., Stationers.
FRANK ZANOVICH, of Zan Brothers.

CHARLES SWEENEY,

SPECIAL SOLICITOR.

INSURANCE.

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

120 Broadway, New York.

LIFE INSURANCE PROFITS DEMONSTRATED BY ACTUAL SETTLEMENTS MADE PRIOR TO 1882,

The Society is now paying maturing Tontine Policies with the following remarkable results:

POLICIES CARRIED TEN YEARS WITH THE RETURN OF ALL PREMIUMS PAID AND INTEREST THEREON.

1st Example: Policy No. 43,563, issued May 25, 1848. Annual premium paid (7 years)..... $10,000 00
Total premiums paid (7 years)..... 9,594 60

The policyholder was enabled to draw, in cash, $6,455.90 having had besides $4,000 of insurance for seven years. 115 per cent. of premiums paid, returnable in cash.

This example and those which follow show that

LARGER PROFITS ARE PAID POLICY-HOLDERS THAN ARE NOW DECLARED BY ANY OTHER COMPANY.

2d Example: Policy No. 58,543, issued Dec. 30, 1870. Endowment 20 years. Tontine Period ten years. Amount..... $10,000 00
Total premiums paid (10 years)..... 7,000 00

The assured on Dec. 30, 1880, was entitled to draw in cash, $9,000 00, or 128 per cent of the premiums paid.

These results, although predicted by carefully made estimates, are

NOT ESTIMATES, BUT ACTUAL CASH RETURNS.

3d Example: Policy No. 41,621, issued March 27, 1869. Amount..... $5,000 00
Total premiums paid..... 2,709 85

In fifteen months, assured withdrew, March 27, 1880, in cash, $3,312 45, being till per cent. of premium s paid.

Many policies will be thus paid in 1882, showing

CASH RETURNS OF FROM 100 TO 120 PER CENT. OF THE PREMIUMS PAID.

Assets accurately invested at $43,000,000. Surplus, nearly $10,000,000. The Society's popularity is shown by the fact that for the past eleven years the total amount of new Policies issued annually has been larger than any other company in existence, thus making its average

ANNUAL NEW BUSINESS LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

The Society pays death claims promptly and in full. Its policies are clear and concise, and with no unreasonable conditions.

EVERY POLICY BECOMES INCONTESTABLE AFTER THREE YEARS.

For additional Tontine examples, books, pamphlets circulars and full information apply to

F. V. ANDREWS,

29 Stark St., Portland, Or.

AGENT FOR OREGON & WASHINGTON TERR'Y

LOOK HERE.

CHINAMEN MUST GO!

Washing Made Easy, by the use of

NATIONAL WASHING POWDERS,

For Washing Clothes without Rubbing or Boiling. Saves Labor, saves Wear, saves Time.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE USED THE National Washing Powders, and find them good as recommended.

Mrs. A. G. Gibbs, Mrs. J. N. Dolph,
Mrs. Dr. McClintock, Mrs. Geo Ham,
Mrs. W. Olds, Mrs. S. Sedick,
Mrs. Lichtenthaler, Mrs. Capt. I. Sanborn,
Mrs. E. A. Bellon.

Mrs. Dr. Joseph, Mrs. Capt. W. H. West, Mrs. J. W. Sellwood, Mrs. Kirk Stockton, East Portland; Mrs. Judy, Hillsboro; Mrs. Lyman Cook; Mrs. L. A. Newby, Milwaukie; Mrs. C. O. Farnum, Mrs. W. W. Edwards, Dayton; Mrs. J. J. Harney, Mrs. S. M. Kelly, Lafayette; Mrs. Gelwick, Mrs. W. A. Cummings, Independence; Mrs. O. A. Gannan, Mrs. Vincent, Corvallis; Mrs. Capt. Appleton, Mrs. Wm. Elliott, Oregon City.

MRS. FELLOWS & MRS. BELL,

Proprietors and Manufrs, Corner C and Second Sts.,

For Sale at all the Grocery Stores. d10tf

HENRY DOYLE & CO

511 Market St., San Francisco,

SOLE AGENS FOR

Barbour's Irish Flax Thread,
Barbour's Salmon Net Twines,
Passaic Flax Mills Bag Twines,
Macrame Lace Threads,
Clark's "O.N.T." Spool Cotton,
Milward's Helix Needles,
Milward's Fish Hooks,
Am. Needle and Fish Hook Co's Hooks, Fish Nets, Seines and Twines, Cotton Gill-Net Lines, Flax Twines, etc.;
Field's Tacks, Nails and Eyelets.

au26d6m

NOTICE.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO to our customers and the trade in general that we are Receiving, ex S. S. Oregon, via the A. T. and S. F. & Southern Pacific R. R., of two carloads of the justly celebrated

Anheuser—Bush Brewing Co's St. Louis Bottled Beer,

Which we offer for sale in lots to suit.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER,

AGENTS OF

ANHEUSER BUSH BREWING CO.,
BARIANA BITTERS,
DR. RENNER'S GERMAN BITTERS. [illegible]

MRS. A. LARSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF HAIR WORK,

EAST SIDE FIRST ST., BET. JEFFERSON AND COLUMBIA.

Switches made to order.

Lessons given in Hair Work. [illegible]

[illegible] Insurance Co.

OF LONDON.

Established..... A. D. 1821

CAPITAL..... $10,000,000
CASH SURPLUS..... 7,022,185

NOTE—This Company has absolutely the largest paid up capital of any company doing business in the United States.

Deposit with State Treasurer in Oregon..... $50,000

Insurance effected at reasonable rates and policies issued by

SIBSON, CHURCH & CO.,
General Agents,
N. E. cor. Front and Ash Sts., Portland, Or.
ARTHUR E. SLOAN, Manager.

INCORPORATED 1862.

Home Mutual Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE ONLY.

Losses Paid Since Organization, $1,334,633 44.

Losses Paid in Oregon in Six Years, $162,363 29.

OREGON BRANCH OFFICE,

GEO. L. STORY, Manager,

Southeast cor. First and Stark Streets,

Opposite Ladd & Tilton's Bank,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

[illegible] INSURANCE CO.

IMPERIAL, LONDON,

NORTHERN and QUEEN

Insurance Companies of London and Liverpool.

Deposit in Oregon..... $200,000 00

Aggregate Cash Assets Forty-One Million Eight Hundred and Ninety-Six

ON AND COMMISSION.

M. CROCKER

ILMAN & CO.,
and Commission Merchants,
rket St., bet. Pine and Ash.

LES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNI
al Merchandise, Horses, Carr
LE DAYS, Tuesdays and Fridays

L AUCTION SALE
OF
RANT FURNITURE
ND FIXTURES.
on Front St. bet.
der and Morrison
rniture and Fixtures of the
issary Restaurant,
ESDAY, JAN. 31st,
At 10 A.M.
tange, 1 Patent Broiler
Rock'r, 6 Green'r Cutlery
ers, 6 Carpets
ILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

RIEDMAN,
& Commission Merch
AND
AUCTION HOUSE,
er First and Pine Streets
all kinds of General Merchan
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, Entire Stocks of Merchandise
for parties owning them
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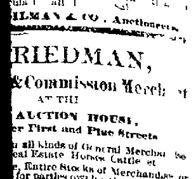

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Chindler & Chadbourne)
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and Retail Dealers in
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Mirrors, Bedding, etc.
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LOWEST PRICES.
Factory, four miles from
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to 167 FRONT ST.,
RTLAND, OR.

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Powder
Needed!
Will Use No Other!
FULL WEIGHT.

TONE OYSTERS,
5 lb Cans.
FULL WEIGHT
ALITY AND FLAVOR
sters Packed in the
ed States.
GROCERS
CO., San Francisco,
COAST AGENTS.

DEBILITY!
GUARANTEED.
RVE AND BRAIN TREAT
for Hysteria, Dizziness, Con
Sexual Depression, Loss
Impotency, Involuntary
Age caused by over ex
indulgence, which leads to
Box will cure recent
One box will cure a month's treatment.
boxes for five dollars; sent by
of price. We guarant
With each order received for
dollars, we
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prompt attention. 12Sdaw

NUS BEER!
NUS BEER!
eer will be on draught
"QUELLE,"
and Stark Streets,
ow L. FUEBER.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING JAN 1882

CITY.

THE AMERICAN CITY.—It has been for some time rumored that the former steward of Captain Ainsworth's steamer Wide West had been taken on board the new steamer Ainsworth, which arrived here Saturday, and that he would be retained in that capacity on her regular trips. This was a pleasant affair for nearly eighty of the passengers, who had been present at the recent banquet in honor of the many years with the same steward, and the latter will afford them an opportunity of showing their appreciation in a substantial manner. The steward is a thoroughly competent man, and the Wide West's loss will be a decided advantage to the Ainsworth's passengers, and many of the latter have already expressed a desire that he be appointed for membership on the Ainsworth.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—George Young, who for some time past has been in the employ of Molson & Co., as night watchman, attempted to commit suicide about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the boarding house of James Hopkins, on Fourth street between Ash and Pine, by taking laudanum. Immediately after the act Dr. Saylor was called and by the use of a stomach pump and proper antidotes succeeded in saving the man's life. Young stated that he had been greatly troubled of late, as this time unable to sleep, or have any peace of mind, and that his act was premeditated with suicidal intent. At last accounts he was fast recovering, and he will in all probability be little the worse for this dangerous attempt.

BOWLING SCRATCH BOARD.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the tug Alice J. Benson, and sch. Otto Gruner, of the British bark Acadian, lying at the wharf had a rough and tumble knock down and dragging and giving severe blows, but were unable to get satisfaction out of it in that way and brought a charge of assault and battery against Neither furnished bail for their release and were locked in the city jail to await trial in the police court to-day.

DRUNKENNESS AND DISORDERLY CONDUCT.—Chas Skates, who resides on a farm a few miles above Vancouver was thrown from his wagon on Front street about half past six last night, striking on the sidewalk on his right arm, breaking the bone a little above the wrist. He was taken to Dr. Taylor's office, where the fracture was reduced and the arm put in splints. He could not tell what horse it was, nor who threw him out.

LOCOMOTIVES.—The O. R. & N. Co. will receive from the collier Umatilla, which sails from San Francisco this week, four freight locomotives from the works at Manchester N. H. They weigh thirty tons each, cylinders seventeen by twenty four inches, five foot driving wheels and are the best made in the United States.

PUGILISM.—Yesterday afternoon Mary Ann was arrested by Constable Grant on complaint of Mr. Kelly, who charged Mary Ann with assault and battery, last night about 8 o'clock. Having been unable to furnish bonds for her release, she was confined in the county jail to await a hearing before Justice Petrain to-day.

LIQUOR WITHOUT LICENSE.—Peter Kalli, keeper of the Bon Ton saloon, on Second and Stark streets, was arrested yesterday afternoon for selling liquor without a license in that place. He was fined fifty dollars for his appearance in the police court at 9 o'clock to day and was released.

ENTERTAINMENT.—On Wednesday evening the first entertainment under the auspices of the Young People's Guild of Trinity church was given. The lecture, It was a thoroughly enjoyable affair, and the future entertainments of the Guild are looked forward to with interest.

DRUNK.—Albert Fallon was arrested about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon for being drunk and disorderly. He says that he is a son of Thomas Fallon of Salem, one of the wealthiest and most influential citizens of that place. He was locked in the city jail for the night.

ACCIDENT.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Daniel Hopkins, proprietor of a boarding house on Fourth street, fell from a ladder upon which he had climbed to clear a water trough on the house ground and dislocated his right knee.

Dr. D. C. Bogart, of the east side, was summoned to his bed with erysipelas in the head, which originated from a scratch and subsequently took. Though not a severe attack he will be confined to his bed for some time.

RETURNED TO WORK.—The ice blockade in the river, while it should continue longer than a week, will not interfere very little with the completion of the Dalles railroad, work and track laying beyond Celilo will commence with The Dalles.

ACCIDENT.—The wound of Dennis Dineen, whose hand was crushed at the gas works dock, is healing, and it is thought that he will recover. His injuries, however, will be impaired, and he will be partially paralyzed.

REPORT.—The report that E. J. Hatch & Co. have purchased Yaquina is not true. The Oregon Improvement Company were negotiating for her purchase, but their offer was refused.

ARRIVAL.—Mr. Fred Bickel, who in years gone by was associated with Mr. Frank Dekum in the manufacture of candles, and more recently alone in the same business, has retired from the trade.

THE BLOCKADE.—This morning the steamer Vancouver, which has been sheathed and armed with an ice prow, will leave the foot of Yamhill street for the scene of the blockade.

BRIEF MENTION.

Dancing this night.

Dancing hence to-night.

Good skating—real skating on ice.

Lieut. Ragler of Spokane Falls is in the city.

Mr. Hall, advance agent for the "All Star" company, left this morning for Victoria and the Sound.

Mr. Sharp, an Oregonian compositor, who has been afflicted of paralysis two months ago, has recovered so as to resume work, though not entirely well.

Mrs. Marye, formerly assistant city surveyor, and a most competent young man with Mr. J. W. Sprague, civil engineers and surveyors in the Union block.

Mr. Cronkyer, who came here from Columbia City to have an operation performed on his hand, which he had the erysipelas is now almost well, and will return home in a few days.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Haverly minstrels will give their second performance at New Market to night. Mr. Sam Dearon, who has endeared himself as a favorite Saturday night, will be on hand with his great musical specialities and Mr. Thompson and Taylor in their immense act and the incomparable jockey clog. The latter is in "One Boyhood Days," in which the company appears. The company go to Salem for Thursday evening, and to the Sound.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The second week of Olds & King's fourth annual sale commences this morning. Customers are particularly urged not to delay their purchases, but to make their selections at their earliest convenience.

Only but two of the great Gigantic Minstrel Grand special matinee to morrow (Tuesday). Take the little folks and let them see Emerson Jockey Clog and the funny [illegible].

Wanted, 167 Third street is the best place to get sewing machines repaired, and for needles attachments, sewing machine parts etc.

Be saved in a penny earned. You'll save many by purchasing a book at Hirschberg's opposite Ladd & Tilton's.

"Kelly a Beau," the latest of the minstrel songs.

Cards and comic valentines at J. K. Gill & Co's. Special inducements to the trade.

Fine Valentines and Masks at New York Store, 49 First street.

You will note the advantage in buying Gill's Valentines. Prices $.50 $.75 $10 and $20.

Fresh oysters, 3 city. Eastern and local oysters in every style. Cook in charge of cuisine. Open all night. "Arrow" 89 Second street.

Meals at all hours every steamer at Keith's.

Second hand Piano, good as new at 151 Third street, to be sold at once.

Canvassers wanted at New York Store, 49 First street, for fast selling articles.

Fine Hamburg burst tea drops and candies at Postoffice candy store.

The happiest woman is she who has her sewing machine repaired by John Barbey, 32 Yamhill street.

THE DRY DOCK.

Contract Closed Saturday by the O. R. & N. Co. with M. W. Bates, and Work to be Commenced Immediately.

[illegible] Mr. M. W. Bates, of the firm of Bates & Patrick, [illegible] Mr. Wm. Watkins, of the firm of Watkins & Co.,

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 30, 1882.

NEWS OF SATURDAY.

[From the Sunday Oregonian.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the criminal court this morning Stephen Gore, the lawyer, charged with contempt, appeared. Chief Justice Cox read to him the letter he had prepared in reply to Gore's letter, in which he stated that if Gore had any explanation to make or facts to present which would show that under the practice of the court he would have to accept specifically the allegations stated in the letter, he had intended to file a motion for a new trial, but would like to have it till Monday, and stated that he would like a motion then afternoon in the district office. The district attorney stated in open court on Tuesday last the argument of Mr. Gore, but upon representation of counsel that he would scarcely be able to enter upon an argument at that time, the court declined to fix the time.

Iowa Prohibitionists' Platform.

DES MOINES, Jan. 28.—The state temperance convention agree to ask the legislature to submit to the people a constitutional amendment prohibiting the liquor traffic in the state. The resolutions denounce saloons as the chief source of crime and poverty; denounce Senator Logan's bill to divert the whisky revenues to the educational fund, and request Logan's senators to oppose it; commend the woman's christian temperance union, and appeal to intelligent and virtue-loving people to support the prohibition amendment. The Logan resolution, after a heated discussion, was adopted, making it unanimous.

A Piece of Folly.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.—J. M. Kershaw, on order of the stalwart leaders, has struck off 100 bronze medals to commemorate the steady voting of the 306 at the Chicago convention. The affair has been kept very secret. The medals are perfectly round, 2¾ inches in diameter, ¼ of an inch thick, weight nearly a pound, profile of Grant on the center of the face turned with laurel and Oak leaves. Outside this is the record of the 306 Grant ballots in a complete circle. On the center of the inverse side is, "Commemorative of the 306 ballots of the Old Guard for Ulysses S. Grant for President; Republican National Convention, Chicago, June, 1880."

A Nihilist Threat.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—*Herald's* St. Petersburg: Fresh numbers of a nihilist journal are being circulated and sent under envelope to the court and to the ministers, dignitaries and regiments of the empire. It is dated Dec. 12th. It was probably printed and introduced from abroad. In its leading article the editor says: "The coronation of the czar, fixed for the 26th of May, will never take place; therefore make no preparations for it. Many things will occur between this and the 25th of May. Do not throw away your money needlessly. It is simply ridiculous and disgusting."

A Family Poisoned.

CORNISH, Ky., Jan. 28.—A family named Romano, living in the outskirts of town, were poisoned night before last at supper. Arsenic was in the corn bread some of which they ate. Five of the family are lying in the point of death. No investigation.

Death in Pork.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 28.—In addition to three persons who died from trichina recently in Minnesota, five more of seventeen who were stricken are despaired of.

The Extreme Penalty.

ROCK ISLAND, Jan. 28.—The jury in the Hellwagen murder case this morning brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, and fixed the punishment at hanging.

Hanged.

MANSFIELD, La., Jan. 28.—Edward Bolton (colored), for attempted murder and highway robbery, was executed yesterday.

The Smallpox.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—Ten new cases of smallpox; nine in Alleghany to-day; 37 deaths per thousand inhabitants in the city for the past year; 1576 cases and 448 deaths from it.

A Dastardly Attempt.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—An attempt was made to wreck a train on the New York Central, by driving a piece of wood between the rails at Riverdale avenue, near the iron bridge, but was frustrated by a flagman.

Arrest.

DETROIT, Jan. 28.—Dr. Cox, physician of Mr. Scheidler, has been arrested on a charge of complicity in the celebrated Whitelaw murder case.

Dangerously Ill.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—A well known actor, John E. McDonough, is dangerously ill, suffering from cancer involving the lower jaw, tongue and neck.

Flood at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—The lower parts of Pittsburg and Alleghany are under water. There is no great damage yet and the river is stationary.

A Disastrous Explosion.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—At the dumping ground on East Ninety-sixth street Benjamin Parris, aged fourteen years, picked up from the debris what appeared to be a tomato can filled with grease. He threw it into a bonfire, when an explosion immediately occurred. A violent enough to throw a saloon keeper in an adjoining street from his stoop. Dense black smoke and a cloud of ashes obscured the scene. When it drifted away ten persons were found lying in the lot injured. Benjamin Burns was killed. The wounded are: Mary O'Keefe, Eliza Jones, John Ross, Joseph Jones, Albert Jones, Catherine Miller, Michael Palerno and Thomas Ward. Some are severely wounded. The can is thought to have contained nitro-glycerine.

Eads and His Schemes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—*Times'* Washington: The supporters of Eads' bill for a ship railway across the isthmus of Tehuantepec say that a new railway line from California to New Orleans will be able to make its rates so low that British freight vessels in the grain trade around Cape Horn will go out of the business, and that when the sea vessels have been driven away the railway company will make its rates so high that grain growers on the Pacific slope will be at the mercy of a monopoly. On the other hand they declare that the construction of a ship railway will open a competing line which will prevent the Southern & Texas Pacific roads from oppressing producers. This argument leads Eads to believe that he will have the support of the American farmers. He is on hand at the beginning of the session of congress prepared to spare no effort in an attempt to accomplish his purpose. Thus far his sanguine expectations do not seem to be warranted by the sentiment of the body from which he must secure his subsidy if he secures it at all on this side of the ocean.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Postoffice Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The postoffice appropriation bill has been reported to the house. It appropriates $43,634,300, being $22,500 less than the amount asked for by estimates, and $2,681,508 in excess of the amount appropriated for the current year.

Prospects Favorable.

The new apportionment bill is likely to become a law.

The Apportionment Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The apportionment bill agreed on by the census committee provides that after the 3d of March, 1883, the house to have 320 members to be apportioned among the several states as follows:

	Gain		Gain
Alabama	3	Nevada	1
Arkansas	1	New Jersey	1
California	1	New York	4
Colorado	1	North Carolina	1
Connecticut	1	Ohio	1
Delaware	1	Oregon	1
Georgia	1	Pennsylvania	2
Illinois	2	South Carolina	1
Indiana	1	Tennessee	1
Iowa	1	Texas	4
Kansas	2	Virginia	1
Kentucky	1	West Virginia	1
Louisiana	1	Wisconsin	1
Maryland	1		
Massachusetts	1		Loss.
Michigan	1	Florida	1
Minnesota	1	Maine	1
Mississippi	1	New Hampshire	1
Missouri	1	Rhode Island	1
Nebraska	1	Vermont	1

Net result, republican states, gain, 18; loss, 4; democratic states, gain, 13; loss, 1; leaving republicans three ahead.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—It is reported that Guiteau's counsel contemplate raising the question of jurisdiction and applying for a writ of habeas corpus. Leading lawyers here consider that it would be a formidable move.

President signed a bill retiring Judge Hunt of the supreme court.

Blaine will deliver his eulogy on Garfield in the house February 27th.

The president has signed the deficiency bill.

The president yesterday appointed H. B. Nichols, whom Mahone opposed, postmaster at Norfolk, Va. Mahone was surprised. He protested against it and secured a withdrawal of the nomination. Nichols and Congressman Deasendorf are now at the white house. The president may again change his mind.

Washington specials state that Judge Blatchford is now more prominently spoken of as Chief Justice Hunt's successor; that Crowley does not want the secretaryship of the treasury, and that Judge Folger will remain in his present position.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN BUSINESS.

Minister Hurlburt's Letter to the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Following is part of the correspondence concerning Chili and Peru which has been made public. The Hurlburt letter was sent to New York and appeared this morning:

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES, LIMA, Peru, Oct. 5, 1881.—H. P. M.—Sir: I have just consummated an agreement made with the Calderon government on the 20th of Sept. for grant to the United States for a naval and coaling station at Chimbote. Concessions not forth in the protocol are not so strong as I would like it to have obtain, but they are all that the president alone without approval of congress could give. I look upon it in the relative position of the countries as giving to the United States, should it be accepted by you, a very valuable foothold which can hereafter be readered more exclusive in matters of jurisdiction. The act of President Calderon is as effective in transferring rights as if he had been regularly elected president, and looking to the future I can see great possibilities in this grant, and Chimbotebe bay is by far the best on the coast, and coal mines in the interior to which it will soon be connected by way of railroads under consideration furnish ample supplies of a good quality of coal and at low prices. The protocol and the approval of the same by President Calderon are enclosed with this dispatch. I have not had time to elaborate this question by this mail, but will do so by the next.

I have also at my own risk concluded with President Calderon an arrangement by which an unfinished line of railway will be turned over by his government to me as intermediary or trustee to transfer the same to an American company to complete, develope and operate it. By so doing it is easy to limit such company in the price to be charged to the United States government, and yet leave a large margin for profit. [illegible] completely under the control of the United States government, [illegible] which the government of the United States may at any time purchase at a price to be fixed by [illegible] to be paid in [illegible] bonds. [illegible] the road by paying the price [illegible] company, or to lease it for its [illegible] period the Peruvian government